

↑ | Wind Energy



Wind is moving air. There will be wind as long as the sun shines.



Wind is moving air. We can use the energy in wind to do work. Early Egyptians used the wind to sail ships on the Nile River. People still use wind to move them in sailboats. In the Netherlands, people used windmills to grind wheat. The Pilgrims used windmills to grind corn, to pump water, and to run sawmills. Today, we use wind to make electricity.

The energy in wind comes from the sun. When the sun shines, it heats the Earth. Some parts of the Earth get hotter than others. An area where land and water meets is a good example. Land usually absorbs and releases energy more quickly than water. The air over the land gets hotter than the air over the water. The warm air rises and cooler air rushes in to take its place. The moving air is wind.

As long as the sun shines, there will be winds on the Earth. We will never run out of wind energy. It is a **renewable** energy source. It is also free, since no one can own the sun or the air.

Some places have more wind than others. Areas near the water usually have a lot of wind. Flat land and mountain passes are good places for the wind too. Today, we use big **wind turbines** to catch the wind. Sometimes, there are

Energy is flowin' in the WIND!

Make big arm circles, mimicking a wind turbine, as you say this chant.

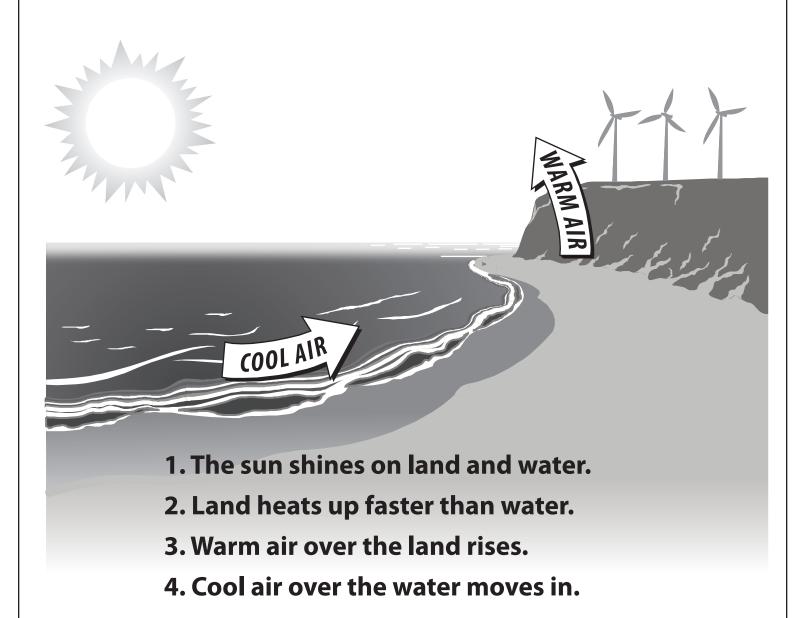
hundreds of wind turbines in one place. This is called a **wind farm**. Not all wind farms are on land; some countries have wind farms on the water. These are called **offshore wind farms**. The first offshore wind farm in the United States was built off the coast of Block Island, Rhode Island. The five-turbine wind farm began generating electricity for Block Island in 2016.

Many of the wind turbines on wind farms are very tall so they can catch the most wind. Some wind turbines are as tall as a 20-story building! Not all wind turbines are that big though. Some wind turbines might be only 30 feet tall. People can put these small turbines up in their backyards to generate electricity to use at home. Schools can put small wind turbines on their property to make electricity, too. Small wind turbines can even be put on sailboats so people have electricity when they are sailing on the water.

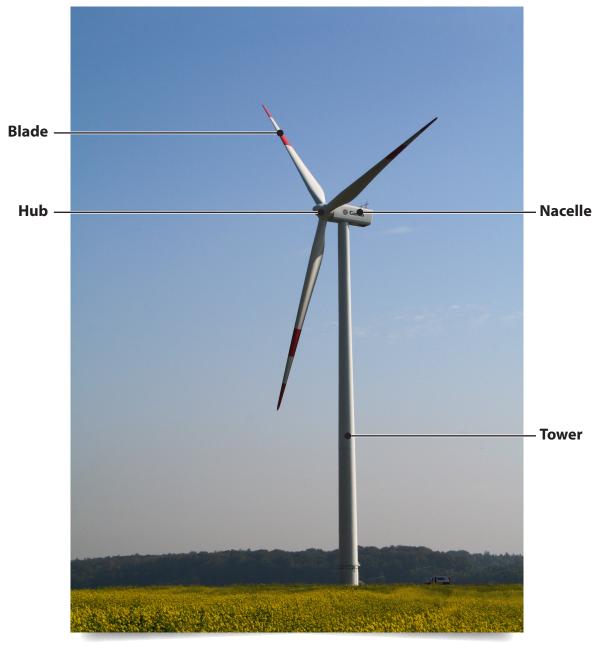
When the wind blows, it pushes against the blades of the wind turbines. The blades spin around. They turn a **generator** to make electricity. The wind turbines do not run all the time, though. Sometimes the wind does not blow at all. Sometimes the wind blows too hard. Most wind turbines operate 65 to 90 percent of the time.

Today, wind energy makes only 5% of the electricity we use. Most of the big wind farms are in Texas, lowa, Oklahoma, Kansas, California, and the Midwest. More wind turbines and wind farms are popping up all over the country.

How Wind is Formed Where Water Meets Land



Wind Turbine



Wind turns the turbine blades, which spin magnets and wires inside the nacelle to generate electricity.

A wind turbine turns wind energy into electricity.